

**ANALISIS HUBUNGAN PENDIDIKAN DAN PELATIHAN
(DIKLAT), PENGALAMAN KERJA DAN KOMPENSASI
TERHADAP KEPUASAN KERJA DI DEPARTEMEN
OBSTETRI DAN GINEKOLOGI RSPAD
GATOT SOEBROTO DITKESAD**

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Abstrak

Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui dan menganalisis hubungan pendidikan dan pelatihan, pengalaman kerja dan kompensasi terhadap kepuasan kerja di Departemen Obstetri dan Ginekologi RSPAD Gatot Soebroto baik secara parsial maupun simultan. Pengolahan dan pengujian data dalam penelitian ini menggunakan teknik-teknik perhitungan yang didasarkan pada asumsi bahwa data sampel diperoleh berasal semua populasi. Penghitungan sampel dalam penelitian ini menggunakan model rumus Slovin sehingga diperoleh data sampel sebanyak 53 responen dari jumlah populasi sebanyak 113. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode analisis regresi yang dalam perhitungan semua proses pengolahan dan analisis data menggunakan alat bantu (software) yaitu *Statistic Product and Service Solution* (SPSS) versi 20.0. Hasil penelitian ini berhasil membuktikan bahwa secara parsial terdapat hubungan yang positif dan signifikan antara pendidikan dan pelatihan terhadap kepuasan kerja pegawai. Secara parsial terdapat hubungan yang positif dan signifikan antara pengalaman kerja terhadap kepuasan kerja. Secara parsial terdapat hubungan yang positif dan signifikan antara kompensasi terhadap kepuasan kerja. Secara simultan terdapat hubungan yang signifikan antara pendidikan dan pelatihan, pengalaman kerja, dan kompensasi terhadap kepuasan kerja.

Kata Kunci: Pendidikan dan Latihan, Pengalaman Kerja, Kompensasi, Kepuasan Kerja

**ANALYSIS OF RELATIONSHIP EDUCATION AND
TRAINING, WORK EXPERIENCE AND COMPENSATION
ON JOB SATISFACTION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF
OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY GATOT SUBROTO
ARMY HOSPITAL**

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Abstract

The purpose of this study was to determine and analyze the relationship between education and training, work experience and compensation to job satisfaction in the Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology Gatot Subroto Army Hospital either partially or simultaneously. Processing and testing of the data in this study using the techniques of calculation based on the assumption that the sample data obtained from all populations. Calculation of the sample in this study using a model formula Slovin, thus obtained a sample of 53 respondents from population of 113. This research using methods regressions analysis that in the calculating all the processing and analysis of data using tools Statistics Product and Service Solutions (SPSS) version 20.0. The results of this study proved that there is a relationship partially positive and significant relationship between education and training on job satisfaction of employees. Partially there is a positive relationship and significant relationship between work experience to job satisfaction. Partially there is a positive relationship and significant correlation between compensation to job satisfaction. Simultaneously, there is a significant relationship between education and training, work experience, and compensation to job satisfaction.

Keywords: Education and Training, Work Experience, Compensation, Job Satisfaction