

**POLA KOMUNIKASI KELUARGA PADA REMAJA TERDAMPAK
FATHERLESS DENGAN AYAH BERPOLIGAMI (STUDI
FENOMENOLOGI DI JAKARTA SELATAN)**

HUNafa AYNANI TAJRIYAN

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini dilatar belakangi oleh fenomena *fatherless* yang kurang mendapat perhatian, terutama dalam konteks keluarga poligami. Fokus penelitian adalah pada remaja yang mengalami dampak *fatherless* akibat ayah berpoligami. Tujuannya menganalisis pola komunikasi keluarga yang terbentuk antara remaja dan ayah dalam keluarga poligami. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan fenomenologi Alfred Schutz dengan paradigma post-positivistik. Teori yang digunakan *Family Communication Patterns Theory* (FCPT) oleh Fitzpatrick dan Korener. Teori ini mencakup dua dimensi utama: orientasi percakapan dan kesesuaian. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan dua tipe pola komunikasi keluarga: *pertama*, tipe protektif (orientasi percakapan rendah dan kesesuaian tinggi, ditandai dengan komunikasi terbatas dan penekanan pada kepatuhan; *kedua*, tipe *laissez-faire* (rendah pada kedua orientasi), yang menunjukkan pola komunikasi bebas dan kurang terarah. Tingkat *fatherless* diklasifikasikan menjadi tiga kategori: rendah (ayah hadir secara fisik dan finansial), sedang (ayah hadir pada satu aspek), tinggi (ayah tidak hadir sama sekali secara fisik, emosional, maupun finansial).

Kata Kunci: Ayah Tidak Hadir, Fenomenologi Alfred Schutz, Keluarga Poligami, Pola Komunikasi Keluarga (FCPT), Remaja *Fatherless*.

**FAMILY COMMUNICATION PATTERNS IN FATHERLESS
ADOLESCENTS WITH POLYGAMOUS FATHERS (A
PHENOMENOLOGICAL STUDY IN SOUTH JAKARTA)**

HUNafa AYNANI TAJRIYAN

ABSTRACT

This research is motivated by the phenomenon of fatherlessness, which has received less attention, especially in the context of polygamous families. The focus of this research is on adolescents affected by fatherlessness due to polygamous fathers. Its objective is to analyze the family communication patterns formed between adolescents and fathers in polygamous families. This study uses Alfred Schutz's phenomenological approach with a post-positivistic paradigm. The theory used is Family Communication Patterns Theory (FCPT) by Fitzpatrick and Korener, which includes two main dimensions: conversation orientation and conformity orientation. The research results show two types of family communication patterns: first, the protective type (high conversation orientation and high conformity), characterized by limited communication and emphasis on obedience; second, the laissez-faire type (low in both orientations), which shows free and undirected communication patterns. The level of fatherlessness is classified into three categories: low (father present physically and financially), medium (father present in one aspect), and high (father not present at all physically, emotionally, or financially).

Keywords: *Absent Father, Alfred Schutz's Phenomenology, Polygamous Famil, Family Communication Patterns Theory (FCPT), Fatherless Adolescents.*