

**HUBUNGAN KARAKTERISTIK KELUARGA, PERAN
TENAGA KESEHATAN, DAN PERAN GURU TERHADAP
PEMBERIAN IMUNISASI *MEASLES RUBELLA* PADA ANAK
KELAS 1 SEKOLAH DASAR DI KECAMATAN CINERE
KOTA DEPOK TAHUN 2019**

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Abstrak

Measles dan *rubella* dapat dicegah dengan imunisasi. Data cakupan imunisasi *Measles Rubella* tahun 2017-2018 telah mencapai 87,33% dari targetnya sebesar 95%. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan karakteristik keluarga, peran nakes, dan peran guru terhadap pemberian imunisasi MR pada anak kelas 1 SD di Kecamatan Cinere. Penelitian ini menggunakan desain *cross sectional* dengan sampel sebanyak 104 anak kelas 1 SD yang ditentukan menggunakan teknik *proportional random sampling* dengan orang tua murid sebagai responden. Penelitian dilakukan melalui penyebaran kuesioner. Hasil analisis menggunakan uji *Chi Square* dengan nilai $\alpha=0,05$ didapatkan hubungan antara usia orangtua ($p=0,004$), pendidikan terakhir orangtua ($p=0,000$), pekerjaan orangtua ($p=0,000$), pengetahuan orangtua ($p=0,000$), sikap orangtua ($p=0,000$), peran tenaga kesehatan ($p=0,000$), dan peran guru ($p=0,001$) terhadap pemberian imunisasi *Measles Rubella* pada anak kelas 1 SD di Kecamatan Cinere Kota Depok. Saran untuk penelitian ini adalah agar orangtua murid, tenaga kesehatan, dan guru harus lebih sigap dan tanggap untuk memerangi penyakit *Measles* dan *Rubella* melalui kesediaannya dalam pemberian imunisasi MR. Orangtua tidak perlu ragu untuk memberikan imunisasi MR pada anak, tenaga kesehatan harus lebih gencar dalam penyebaran informasi/penyuluhan, dan guru sebaiknya melaksanakan sosialisasi lisan agar orangtua murid mendapatkan informasi lebih jelas.

Kata Kunci: Imunisasi MR, Karakteristik Keluarga, Peran Guru, Peran Tenaga Kesehatan.

**THE RELATIONSHIP OF THE FAMILY
CHARACTERISTICS, THE HEALTH WORKER'S ROLE,
AND TEACHER'S ROLE ON GIVING *MEASLES RUBELLA*
IMMUNIZATION IN CLASS 1 BASIC SCHOOL IN CINERE
DISTRICT DEPOK CITY IN 2019**

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Abstract

Measles and rubella can be prevented by immunization. Data on Measles Rubella immunization coverage in 2017-2018 has reached 87.33% from the target of 95%. This study aims to determine the relationship of family characteristics, health worker's role, and teacher's role in giving MR immunization to 1st grade elementary school students in Cinere District. This study used a cross sectional design with a sample of 104 1st grade elementary school students determined using proportional random sampling techniques with parents as respondents. The research was conducted through questionnaires. The results of Chi Square test with a value of $\alpha = 0,05$ showed the relationship between parental age ($p=0,004$), parental last education ($p=0,000$), parental work ($p=0,000$), parental knowledge ($p=0,000$), parental attitudes ($p=0,000$), health worker's role ($p=0,000$), and teacher's role ($p=0,001$) in giving Measles Rubella immunization in 1st grade elementary school students in Cinere district, Depok City. The suggestion to this study is that parents, health workers, and teachers must be more alert and responsive to fighting Measles and Rubella's disease through their willingness to provide MR immunization. Parents do not need to hesitate to provide MR immunization to children, health workers must be more vigorous in disseminating information/counseling, and teachers should do oral socialization so parents will get more clear information.

Keywords: Family characteristics, health worker's role, MR immunization, teacher's role.