

**HUBUNGAN KARAKTERISTIK INDIVIDU, PENGETAHUAN,
SIKAP DAN PERILAKU KEBERSIHAN RAMBUT DENGAN
KEJADIAN PEDIKULOSIS KAPITIS DI PANTI ASUHAN
KELURAHAN LENTENG AGUNG
JAKARTA SELATAN TAHUN 2014**

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Abstrak

Pedikulosis kapitis (PK) merupakan suatu penyakit pada rambut dan kulit kepala akibat adanya infestasi dari *P.humanus var. capitis* atau kutu rambut. Sering dijumpai di populasi yang padat seperti pada panti asuhan. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui hubungan antara karakteristik individu (jenis kelamin dan kepadatan), pengetahuan, sikap dan perilaku kebersihan rambut dengan kejadian pedikulosis kapitis di panti asuhan kelurahan Lenteng Agung tahun 2014. Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian *Cross Sectional* menggunakan uji *Chi-Square*, dilakukan pada anak asuh di panti asuhan Kelurahan Lenteng Agung Jakarta Selatan Tahun 2014 dengan metode sampling jenuh dan data primer berupa kuesioner. Hasil uji univariat dan bivariat menunjukkan tingginya angka kejadian PK di tempat tersebut (77,5%), perempuan lebih banyak yang terkena dibandingkan dengan anak laki-laki (62,5%) dan terdapat hubungan antara jenis kelamin responden dengan kejadian PK ($p=0,001$), sebagian besar tidur di kamar dengan kepadatan tinggi (70%) dan terdapat hubungan antara kepadatan dalam kamar dengan kejadian PK ($p=0,000$) sebagian besar pengetahuan responden kurang baik (72,5%) dan terdapat hubungan antara tingkat pengetahuan mengenai PK dengan kejadian PK ($p=0,000$), masih ada responden yang bersikap kurang baik terhadap cara penularan dan pencegahan PK (45%) dan terdapat hubungan antara sikap mengenai PK dengan kejadian PK ($p=0,002$), sebagian besar responden memiliki perilaku yang kurang baik terhadap kebersihan rambut (67,5%) dan terdapat hubungan yang bermakna antara perilaku kebersihan rambut dengan kejadian PK ($p=0,000$). Simpulan: terdapat hubungan bermakna antara karakteristik individu (jenis kelamin, kepadatan), pengetahuan mengenai PK, sikap mengenai PK dan perilaku kebersihan rambut dengan kejadian PK.

Kata kunci: Pedikulosis kapitis, Panti Asuhan, Pengetahuan, Sikap, Perilaku kebersihan rambut.

THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INDIVIDUAL CHARACTERISTIC, KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE, AND HAIR HYGIENE BEHAVIOR AND PEDICULOSIS CAPITIS AT LENTENG AGUNG ORPHANAGE, SOUTH JAKARTA IN 2004

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Abstract

Pediculosis capitis (PC) is an infection found on head hair and scalp as a result of *P.humanus var. capitis* or head lice infestation. PC is commonly observed in a dense population such as in orphanages. This study aims to understand the relationship between individual characteristic (gender and density), knowledge, attitude, and hair hygiene behavior and the incidence of pediculosis capitis at Lenteng Agung Orphanage in 2014. This study is an analytical descriptive research with Cross Sectional approach and Chi-Square test, and performed on the orphans in an orphanage located on Lenteng Agung region, South Jakarta in 2014 by using saturation sampling technique with the primary data from questionnaires. The result showed that the incidence of PC was still high at the observed place which was (77.5%), there was a significant relationship between respondents gender and the incidence of PC ($p = 0,001$) more girls were suffered from PC compared to the boys (62.5%), there was a significant relationship between the density inside the room and the incidence of PC ($p = 0,000$) most of the orphans slept in highly populous rooms (70%), there was a significant relationship between the knowledge level regarding PC and the incidence of PC ($p = 0,000$) some respondents demonstrated poor attitude toward the transmission process and prevention of PC, even though the result was not high (45%), there was a significant relationship between attitude toward PC and the incidence of PC ($p = 0,002$) most of the respondents also lacked of knowledge about PC (72.5%), there was a significant relationship between hair hygiene behavior and the incidence of PC ($p=0,000$) most of the respondents possessed poor behavior of hair hygiene (67.5%). Conclusion: A significant relationship between individual characteristic (gender and density), knowledge level about PC, attitude toward PC, and hair hygiene behavior and the incidence of PC was observed.

Keywords: Pediculosis capitis, Orphanage, Knowledge, Attitude, Hair hygiene behavior