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HUBUNGAN STATUS GIZI ANAK DAN TINGKAT PENGETAHUAN ORANG TUA MENGENAI GIZI SEIMBANG TERHADAP TINGKAT KECERDASAN ANAK USIA SD DI SDN 04 BOJONGSARI DEPOK TAHUN 2023

RINCIAN HALAMAN (xviii+ 100 halaman, 10 Tabel, 6 bagan, lampiran)

ABSTRAK

Tujuan : Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengevaluasi hubungan antara status gizi anak, tingkat pengetahuan orangtua tentang gizi, dan tingkat kecerdasan anak usia sekolah dasar di SDN 04 Bojongsari Depok.

Metode : Penelitian ini menggunakan desain penelitian *cross- sectional* non-eksperimental. Data dikumpulkan dari 68 anak usia sekolah dasar dan orang tua mereka di SDN 04 Bojongsari Depok pada tahun 2023. Status gizi anak dinilai berdasarkan Indeks Masa Tubuh (IMT), pengetahuan orang tua tentang gizi dinilai melalui kuesioner, dan tingkat kecerdasan anak diukur dengan tes IQ (*Culture Fair Intelligence Test*).

Hasil : Sebagian besar anak memiliki status gizi baik (60,3%), pengetahuan orang tua tentang gizi seimbang yang kurang (69,1%), dan tingkat kecerdasan rata-rata (55,9%). Namun, tidak ada hubungan yang signifikan antara status gizi anak dan tingkat kecerdasan mereka ($p = 0,136 > 0,05$). Selain itu, tidak ada hubungan yang signifikan antara pengetahuan orang tua tentang gizi dan tingkat kecerdasan anak ($p = 0,994 > 0,05$).

Kesimpulan : Penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa di lingkungan sekolah dasar SDN 04 Bojongsari Depok, tidak ada hubungan yang signifikan antara status gizi anak, pengetahuan orang tua tentang gizi, dan tingkat kecerdasan anak. Hal ini dikarenakan terdapat faktor-faktor lain yang perlu diteliti dalam mempengaruhi kecerdasan anak seperti lingkungan dan ekonomi.

Daftar Pustaka : 58 (2014-2023)

Kata Kunci: Status Gizi Anak, Pengetahuan Orangtua, Kecerdasan Anak

FACULTY OF MEDICINE

**UNIVERSITY PEMBANGUNAN NASIONAL “VETERAN” JAKARTA THE
Undergraduate Thesis, January 2024**

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RELATIONSHIP OF CHILDREN'S NUTRITIONAL STATUS AND PARENTS' LEVEL OF KNOWLEDGE REGARDING BALANCED NUTRITION TO THE INTELLIGENCE LEVEL OF PRIMARY AGE CHILDREN AT SDN 04 BOJONGSARI DEPOK, 2023

Introduction : This study aims to evaluate the relationship between children's nutritional status, parents' level of knowledge about nutrition, and intelligence level of elementary school-age children at SDN 04 Bojongsari Depok.

Method : This study used a non- experimental cross-sectional research design. Data was collected from 68 elementary school-age children and their parents at SDN 04 Bojongsari Depok in 2023. Children's nutritional status is assessed based on Body Mass Index (BMI), parents' knowledge of nutrition is assessed through questionnaires, and children's intelligence level is measured by IQ tests (Culture Fair Intelligence Test).

Results : Most children had good nutritional status (60.3%), parents' knowledge of balanced nutrition was lacking (69.1%), and average intelligence levels (55.9%). However, there was no significant association between children's nutritional status and their intelligence level ($p = 0.136 > 0.05$). In addition, there was no significant association between parents' knowledge of nutrition and children's intelligence levels ($p = 0.994 > 0.05$).

Conclusion : This study showed that in the elementary school environment of SDN 04 Bojongsari Depok, there was no significant relationship between the nutritional status of children, parents' knowledge of nutrition, and the child's intelligence level. This is because there are other factors that need to be investigated in influencing children's intelligence such as the environment and economy.

Bibliography : 58 (2014-2023)

Keywords: Children's Nutritional Status, Parental Knowledge, Children's Intelligence