

ANALISIS KESIAPAN PROGRAM *EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN* (ERP) DI GEDUNG RAJAWALI PLACE KOTA JAKARTA SELATAN TAHUN 2023

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Abstrak

Kondisi Indonesia yang berada di atas tiga lempeng dapat memicu bencana gempabumi, tsunami, dan tanah longsor, selain hal tersebut Indonesia menjadi negara yang menjadi langganan berbagai jenis bencana hidrometeorologi. Berdasarkan grafik bencana di dunia dari tahun 1991-2015 yang terjadi di dunia Sebagian besar disebabkan oleh perubahan iklim mencapai 47%. Gedung Rajawali Place yang terletak di daerah gedung bertingkat akan sangat beresiko apabila terkena efek yang ditimbulkan oleh bencana. Hal tersebut dijadikan dasar untuk menganalisis kesiapan program *Emergency Response Plan* (ERP) di Gedung Rajawali Place. Metode penelitian ini adalah analisis deskriptif dengan menggunakan metode wawancara mendalam dan telaah dokumen dengan menggunakan pedoman NFPA 1600. Pemilihan informan dengan menggunakan metode purposive sampling dengan jumlah sebanyak 3 informan. Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan program ERP di Gedung Rajawali Place telah menerapkan program dengan nilai kesesuaian 96,3% sesuai dengan pedoman. Sehingga hal tersebut dapat dikatakan bahwa pelaksanaan tanggap darurat bencana di Gedung Rajawali Place telah siap untuk dijalankan.

Kata Kunci : Bencana, NFPA 1600, Program *Emergency Response Plan*

ANALYSIS OF READINESS OF THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN (ERP) PROGRAM IN RAJAWALI PLACE BUILDING SOUTH JAKARTA CITY IN 2023

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Abstract

The condition of Indonesia, which is on three plates, can trigger earthquakes, tsunamis, and landslides. In addition to this, Indonesia is a country that is prone to various types of hydrometeorological disasters. Based on a graph of disasters in the world from 1991 to 2015 that occurred, most of them were caused by climate change, reaching 47%. The Rajawali Place building, which is located in a high-rise building area, will be very at risk if it is affected by the effects of a disaster. This is used as the basis for analyzing the readiness of the Emergency Response Plan (ERP) program at the Rajawali Place Building. This research method uses descriptive analysis using in-depth interviews and document reviews using the NFPA 1600 guidelines. Selection of informants using the purposive sampling method with a total of 3 informants. The results of this study indicate that the ERP program in the Rajawali Place Building has implemented a program with a suitability value of 96.3% according to the guidelines. So that it can be said that the implementation of the disaster emergency response at the Rajawali Place Building is ready to be carried out.

Keywords : Disaster, NFPA 1600, Emergency Response Plan Program