

The Effect of Local Own-Source Revenue, Balancing Funds, and Local Government Financing to Regional Expenditures and Detection of Flypaper Effect in Indonesia

By Try Firda Rahmasari

Abstract

The granting of authority on the basis of regional autonomy should be able to gained regional independence to manage their Local Own-source Revenue. However, there are still many previous studies found the flypaper effect phenomenon in Indonesia. This study aims to determine the effect of Local Own-source Revenue, Balancing Funds, and Local Government Financing on Regional Expenditures and to detect the flypaper effect phenomenon of the district/city in Indonesia. This research method is quantitative which use purposive sampling and obtained 467 districts/cities in Indonesia in 2021 fiscal year. The hypothesis testing in this study uses multiple linear regression analysis using STATA program with a significance level 5%. The results show that Local Own-source Revenue, General Allocation Fund, Special Allocation Fund, and Revenue Sharing Fund have no significant effect on Regional Expenditures and Local Government Financing have positive effect on Regional Expenditures. Furthermore, there is no flypaper effect was found in districts/cities in Indonesia, but other funding mechanisms were found from Local Government Financing.

Keywords: *Flypaper Effect, Local Own-source Revenue, Balancing Funds, Local Government Financing, Regional Expenditures*

**Pengaruh PAD, Dana Perimbangan, dan Pembiayaan terhadap Belanja
Daerah serta Deteksi *Flypaper Effect* di Indonesia**

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Abstrak

Pemberian kewenangan atas dasar otonomi daerah seharusnya mampu menciptakan kemandirian daerah untuk dapat mengelola keuangan daerah sendiri melalui PAD. Namun, masih banyak penelitian terdahulu yang menemukan adanya fenomena *flypaper effect* di Indonesia. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui pengaruh antara PAD, dana perimbangan, dan pembiayaan daerah terhadap belanja daerah serta mendeteksi fenomena *flypaper effect* kabupaten/kota di Indonesia. Metode penelitian ini menggunakan kuantitatif dengan teknik pengambilan sampel *purposive sampling* dan diperoleh 467 kabupaten/kota di Indonesia pada tahun anggaran 2021. Pengujian hipotesis pada penelitian ini menggunakan analisis regresi linier berganda dengan menggunakan program STATA dengan tingkat signifikansi 5%. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa PAD, DAU, DAK, dan DBH tidak berpengaruh terhadap belanja daerah dan pembiayaan daerah berpengaruh positif terhadap belanja daerah. Penelitian ini tidak ditemukan adanya *flypaper effect* pada kabupaten/kota di Indonesia, tetapi menemukan mekanisme pendanaan lain untuk memenuhi kebutuhan belanja daerah yang bersumber dari pembiayaan daerah.

Kata Kunci: *Flypaper Effect*, Pendapatan Asli Daerah, Dana Perimbangan, Pembiayaan Daerah, Belanja Daerah