

The Effect of Audit Tenure, Leverage, Audit Delay, and KAP Size on Auditor Switching

By Yustita Permata Sari Syaranamual

Abstract

This research aims to examine the effect of audit tenure, leverage, audit delay, and KAP size on auditor switching in consumer non-cyclicals sector companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange (IDX) in 2018-2021 period. Purposive sampling is the procedure utilized to acquire samples. This research included 43 companies, with a total sample of 172 data. Techniques used in analyzing data are, the statistic descriptive test, the classical assumption test, the hypothesis test, and the logistic regression test using STATA software version 17 and Microsoft Excel. Based on the results of the analysis of the data that has been presented, it can be concluded that (1) audit tenure have a positive relationship and does not have a significant effect on auditor switching; (2) leverage has a negative relationship and does not have a significant effect on auditor switching; (3) audit delay tenure has a negative relationship and does not have a significant effect on auditor switching; (4) KAP size has a positive relationship but does not have a significant effect on auditor switching.

Keywords: audit tenure, leverage, audit delay, KAP size, and auditor switching

Pengaruh Audit Tenure, Leverage, Audit Delay, dan Ukuran KAP Terhadap Auditor Switching

Oleh Yustita Permata Sari Syaranamual

Abstrak

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menguji pengaruh *audit tenure*, *leverage*, *audit delay*, dan ukuran KAP terhadap *auditor switching* pada perusahaan sektor *consumer non-cyclicals* yang listing di BEI periode 2018-2021. Metode yang digunakan untuk pengumpulan sampel adalah metode *purposive sampling*. Sampel pada penelitian ini berjumlah 43 perusahaan dengan total sampel sebanyak 172 data. Teknik yang digunakan dalam menganalisis data yaitu, uji statistik deskriptif, uji asumsi klasik, uji hipotesis, dan uji regresi logistik dengan bantuan *software STATA* versi 17 dan *Microsoft Excel*. Berdasarkan hasil analisis data yang telah disajikan, dapat disimpulkan bahwa (1) *audit tenure* memiliki hubungan positif dan tidak berpengaruh signifikan terhadap *auditor switching*; (2) *leverage* memiliki hubungan negatif dan tidak berpengaruh signifikan terhadap *auditor switching*; (3) *audit delay* memiliki hubungan negatif dan tidak berpengaruh signifikan terhadap *auditor switching*; (4) ukuran KAP memiliki hubungan positif namun tidak berpengaruh signifikan terhadap *auditor switching*.

Kata Kunci: *audit tenure*, *leverage*, *audit delay*, ukuran KAP, dan *auditor switching*