

***Determination of the Performance of Government Internal Auditors: Survey on Government Internal Supervisory Apparatus of the Ministry of Education and Culture***

***By Paulus Dwi Arde Nugroho***

***Abstract***

*This study aims to determine the effect of use of CAAT, self-efficacy, and work motivation on auditor performance. The population of this study are internal auditors who work at the Inspectorate General of the Ministry of Education and Culture. This study used probability sampling method and obtained 86 internal auditors as respondents. This type of research is quantitative research. The research data were analyzed using the SEM-PLS method using a significance level of 10% (0.10). The results showed that the use of CAAT, self-efficacy, and work motivation had a partially positive significant effect on auditor performance.*

***Keywords:*** *Use of CAAT, Self Efficacy, Work Motivation, dan Auditor's Performances*

# **Determinasi Kinerja Auditor Internal Pemerintah : Survei Pada Apip Kementerian Pendidikan Dan Kebudayaan**

**Oleh Paulus Dwi Arde Nugroho**

## **Abstrak**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui pengaruh dari *use of CAAT*, *self-efficacy*, dan *work motivation* terhadap *auditor's performance*. Populasi penelitian ini adalah auditor internal yang bekerja pada Inspektorat Jenderal Kementerian Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode *probability sampling* dan memperoleh 86 auditor internal sebagai responden. Jenis penelitian ini adalah penelitian kuantitatif. Data penelitian dianalisis dengan metode SEM-PLS menggunakan tingkat signifikansi 10% (0,10). Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa *use of CAAT*, *self-efficacy*, dan *work motivation* memiliki pengaruh signifikan positif secara parsial terhadap *auditor's performance*.

**Kata Kunci:** *Use of CAAT, Self Efficacy, Work Motivation, dan Auditor's Performances*