

PENGARUH SIKAP DAN PERSEPSI PERAWAT TERHADAP BUDAYA PELAPORAN INSIDEN KESELAMATAN DI RUANG RAWAT INAP RUMAH SAKIT GRHA PERMATA IBU DEPOK

Anastasya Nurcahyani

Abstrak

Penerapan budaya pelaporan insiden yang sebagian besar dilakukan oleh perawat mampu meminimalkan risiko terjadinya insiden. Sikap perawat yang tidak bersedia melaporkan insiden dengan alasan belum menimbulkan cedera dan persepsi bahwa jika melapor akan disalahkan dapat menjadi hambatan dalam internalisasi budaya. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui pengaruh sikap dan persepsi perawat terhadap budaya pelaporan insiden keselamatan pasien di ruang rawat inap Rumah Sakit Grha Permata Ibu Depok. Metode yang digunakan yaitu survey analitik dengan menggunakan desain *cross sectional*. Teknik pengambilan sampel menggunakan *purposive sampling* dengan responden 75 perawat. Analisis data yang digunakan adalah analisis univariat dan bivariat dengan menggunakan uji *chi-square*. Sikap perawat mempengaruhi budaya pelaporan insiden keselamatan pasien (*p value* = 0,000) dan persepsi perawat mempengaruhi budaya pelaporan insiden keselamatan pasien (*p value* = 0,042). Sikap dan Persepsi perawat secara simultan mempengaruhi budaya pelaporan insiden keselamatan pasien (*p value* = 0,000). Kesimpulan yang dapat diambil adalah terdapat pengaruh antara sikap dan persepsi baik secara simultan maupun masing-masing terhadap budaya pelaporan insiden keselamatan pasien.

Kata kunci: Budaya Pelaporan Insiden Keselamatan Pasien, Perawat, Persepsi, Sikap

EFFECT OF NURSE'S ATTITUDES AND PERCEPTIONS ON CULTURE OF SAFETY INCIDENT REPORTING IN INPATIENT ROOM OF RUMAH SAKIT GRHA PERMATA IBU DEPOK

Anastasya Nurcahyani

Abstract

The application of an incident reporting culture which is mostly carried out by nurses is able to minimize the risk of incidents occurring. The attitude of nurses who are not willing to report incidents on the grounds that they have not caused injury and the perception that if they report they will be blamed can be obstacles in cultural internalization. This study aims to determine the effect of nurses' attitudes and perceptions on the culture of reporting patient safety incidents in the inpatient ward of Grha Permata Ibu Hospital, Depok. The method used is an analytic survey using a cross sectional design. The sampling technique used purposive sampling with 75 nurses as respondents. The data analysis used was univariate and bivariate analysis using chi-square test. Nurses' attitudes affect the culture of patient safety incident reporting (p value = 0.000) and nurses' perceptions affect the culture of patient safety incident reporting (p value = 0.042). Attitudes and perceptions of nurses simultaneously affect the culture of patient safety incident reporting (p value = 0.000). The conclusion that can be drawn is that there is an influence between attitudes and perceptions both simultaneously and individually on the culture of reporting patient safety incidents.

Keywords: Culture of Patient Safety Incident Reporting, Nurses, Perceptions, Attitudes